PHARMACEUTICAL FORMULAS

PROPOSED FOR A. PH. A. RECIPE BOOK.

A complete list of these Proposed Formulas since February 1912 was published in an index in the December 1916 number of the JOURNAL. The Committee will continue its work in monthly instalments in this Department of the JOURNAL. Members of the A. Ph. A. are earnestly requested to send suitable formulas and also criticisms of those published to the Chairman.

Otto Raubenheimer, Brooklyn, N. Y.

No. 587.

EURESOL HAIR POMADE.

Α.

White Ceresin	25 Gm.
Coconut Oil	75 Gm.
Euresol pro Capillis	5 Gm.

Melt ceresin and coconut oil and when cool add euresol.

Ceresin has a higher melting point than paraffin.

Coconut oil must not be confused with cacao butter or oil, the official Oleum Theobromatis, which melts at body temperature and is therefore used in suppositories, etc.

Coco alludes to the coconut tree or coconut palm, botanical name cocos nucifera, which is indigenous in the tropics. This palm has a branchless stem, 60 to 90 feet high, above which are feather-like leaves, 18 to 20 feet long, at the base of which hang the fruits in clusters of 12 to 20. From the kernel of the coconut, the coconut oil is expressed, which is liquid during warm weather, but a solid during the cool seasons. This oil is largely used in the preparation of soap and also for massage treatment.

В.

Euresol.					5 Gm.
Unguent	um P	omadinum			45 Gm.
Mix.	Rub	thoroughly	into	the	scalp.

Contributed by the Chairman:

No. 588.

UNGUENTUM POMADINUM.

Pomade Ointment.

Unna.

Oil of Theobroma	10 Gm.
Expressed Oil of Almond	20 Gm.
Oil of Rose	ı drop

No. 589. PIN'S COUGH MIXTURE.

Paregoric.....

A favorite household cough remedy. The letters P, I, N, S stand for the first letters of the 4 ingredients.

No. 590.

RED INK.

Eosine	8 Gm.
Glycerin	8 mils
Water	500 mils

An excellent ink and cheap. For particulars about Eosine consult U. S. P. IX, p. 531.

No. 591.

TOOTH POWDER.

N. Y. Health Board.

Powdered Orris Root	4 Gm.
Powdered Castile Soap	15 Gm.
Precipitated Chalk	60 Gm.

The Department of Health of the City of New York wisely recommends this formula, but very unwisely fixes the price at 15 cents for above quantity.

No. 592.

CONFECTIO LAXATIVA.
Laxative Confection.
Household Physic.

Prunes.....

Dates.....Seedless Raisins.....Figs, of each.....120 Gm.
Senna....30 Gm.

Remove seeds from prunes and dates, mix all the ingredients and pass through a meat chopper to produce a uniform paste. A simplified modification of the old Confection of Senna. Keep in a well covered jar in a cool place.

Dose: I to 2 teaspoonfuls at bedtime.

No. 593.	No. 597.
LIQUOR CAPSICI COMPOSITUS.	TINCTURA SANTALI RUBRA.
Linimentum Capsici Compositum.	Tincture of Red Saunders.
Ph. Aust. VIII.	E. B.
Capsicum, ground	Red Saunders, powdered 100 Gm.
Black Pepper, ground, of each 100 Gm.	Alcohol, 90% 500 Gm.
Soft Soap	No. 598.
Alcohol, 90%	ESSENTIA DENTIFRICIA BOTOTI.
Eugenol	Botot's Dentifrice. E. B.
Oil of Rosemary, of each 5 Gm.	Orris Root, cut 50.0 Gm.
Oil of Cinnamon 1 Gm.	Cassia Cinnamon, ground
Ammonia Water 200 Gm.	Star Anise, bruised
Macerate the first 4 ingredients in the	Clove, bruised
alcohol during 8 days, then express and filter and add the other ingredients.	Galangal, N. F., cut, of each 25.0 Gm.
and add the other ingredients.	Cochineal, powdered 10.0 Gm.
No. 594.	Tannic Acid 5.0 Gm. Oil of Peppermint 10.0 Gm.
ORRIS ROOT AND CHALK.	Balsam of Peru 5.0 Gm.
	Coumarin o.1 Gm.
Powdered Orris Root	Oil of Neroli 0.75 Gm.
Precip. Calcium Carbonate 90 Gm. Mix. A very popular tooth powder, which	Oil of Rose 0.5 Gm.
can be flavored.	Diluted Alcohol, 68% 1000.0 Gm.
an be lie to leave	Maccrate during 3 days, express and filter.
No. 595.	See also Eau de Botot, Formula No. 451, The Journal, March 1917, p. 298.
LINIMENTUM CAPSICI COMPOSITUM.	The Journal, Match 1917, p. 290.
Pain Expeller.	No. 599.
	the state of the s
Tuv	ESSENTIA DENTIFRICIA CUM ACIDO SALICYLICO.
Lux.	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice.
Ammonia Water	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B.
Ammonia WaterOleo-Balsamic Mixture N. F	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B. Oil of Peppermint
Ammonia Water	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B. Oil of Peppermint
Ammonia Water Olco-Balsamic Mixture N. F Spirit of Camphor Soap Liniment, of each Tincture of Capsicum 150 Gm.	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B. 2.0 Gm. Oil of Peppermint 0.5 Gm. Oil of Cinnamon 0.5 Gm. Salicylic Acid 2.5 Gm. Vanillin 1.5 Gm.
Ammonia Water Olco-Balsamic Mixture N. F. Spirit of Camphor 150 Gm. Soap Liniment, of each 150 Gm. Tincture of Capsicum 100 Gm. Alcohol, 90% 300 Gm.	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B. 2.0 Gm. Oil of Peppermint 0.5 Gm. Oil of Cinnamon 0.5 Gm. Salicylic Acid 2.5 Gm. Vanillin 1.5 Gm. Tincture of Red Saunders 50.0 Gm.
Ammonia Water Olco-Balsamic Mixture N. F. Spirit of Camphor 150 Gm. Soap Liniment, of each 150 Gm. Tincture of Capsicum 100 Gm. Alcohol, 90% 300 Gm. Tincture of Caramel, N. F., sufficient	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B. 2.0 Gm. Oil of Peppermint 0.5 Gm. Oil of Cinnamon 0.5 Gm. Salicylic Acid 2.5 Gm. Vanillin 1.5 Gm. Tincture of Red Saunders 50.0 Gm. Alcohol, 90% 500.0 Gm.
Ammonia Water Olco-Balsamic Mixture N. F. Spirit of Camphor 150 Gm. Soap Liniment, of each 150 Gm. Tincture of Capsicum 100 Gm. Alcohol, 90% 300 Gm.	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B. 2.0 Gm. Oil of Peppermint 0.5 Gm. Oil of Cinnamon 0.5 Gm. Salicylic Acid 2.5 Gm. Vanillin 1.5 Gm. Tincture of Red Saunders 50.0 Gm.
Ammonia Water Olco-Balsamic Mixture N. F. Spirit of Camphor 150 Gm. Soap Liniment, of each 150 Gm. Tincture of Capsicum 100 Gm. Alcohol, 90% 300 Gm. Tincture of Caramel, N. F., sufficient	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B. 2.0 Gm. Oil of Peppermint 0.5 Gm. Oil of Cinnamon 0.5 Gm. Salicylic Acid 2.5 Gm. Vanillin 1.5 Gm. Tincture of Red Saunders 50.0 Gm. Alcohol, 90% 500.0 Gm.
Ammonia Water Olco-Balsamic Mixture N. F. Spirit of Camphor 150 Gm. Soap Liniment, of each 100 Gm. Tincture of Capsicum 100 Gm. Alcohol, 90% 300 Gm. Tincture of Caramel, N. F., sufficient to color	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B. Oil of Peppermint. 2 o Gm. Oil of Cinnamon. 0.5 Gm. Salicylic Acid. 2 5 Gm. Vanillin. 1 5 Gm. Tincture of Red Saunders. 50 o Gm. Alcohol, 90%. 500 o Gm. Water, a sufficient quantity. To make. 1000 o Gm.
Ammonia Water	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B. Oil of Peppermint. 2 o Gm. Oil of Cinnamon. 0.5 Gm. Salicylic Acid. 2 o Gm. Vanillin. 1 o Gm. Tincture of Red Saunders. 50 o Gm. Alcohol, 90%. 500 o Gm. Water, a sufficient quantity. To make. 1000 o Gm. No. 600.
Ammonia Water	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B. Oil of Peppermint. 2 o Gm. Oil of Cinnamon. 0.5 Gm. Salicylic Acid. 2 5 Gm. Vanillin. 1 5 Gm. Tincture of Red Saunders. 50 o Gm. Alcohol, 90%. 500 o Gm. Water, a sufficient quantity. To make. 1000 o Gm. No. 600. ESSENTIA DENTIFRICIA CUM SALOLO.
Ammonia Water	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B. Oil of Peppermint. 2 o Gm. Oil of Cinnamon. 0 5 Gm. Salicylic Acid. 2 5 Gm. Vanillin. 1 5 Gm. Tincture of Red Saunders. 50 o Gm. Alcohol, 90%. 500 o Gm. Water, a sufficient quantity, To make. 1000 o Gm. No. 600. ESSENTIA DENTIFRICIA CUM SALOLO. Salol Dentifrice.
Ammonia Water	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B. Oil of Peppermint. 2 o Gm. Oil of Cinnamon. 0.5 Gm. Salicylic Acid. 2 5 Gm. Vanillin. 1 5 Gm. Tincture of Red Saunders. 50 o Gm. Alcohol, 90%. 500 o Gm. Water, a sufficient quantity. To make. 1000 o Gm. No. 600. ESSENTIA DENTIFRICIA CUM SALOLO.
Ammonia Water	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B. Oil of Peppermint. 2 o Gm. Oil of Cinnamon. 0.5 Gm. Salicylic Acid. 2 5 Gm. Vanillin. 1 5 Gm. Tincture of Red Saunders. 50 o Gm. Alcohol, 90%. 500 o Gm. Water, a sufficient quantity, To make. 1000 o Gm. No. 600. ESSENTIA DENTIFRICIA CUM SALOLO. Salol Dentifrice. Odol Substitute.
Ammonia Water	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B.
Ammonia Water	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B.
Ammonia Water	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B.
Ammonia Water	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B.
Ammonia Water	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B. Oil of Peppermint 2.0 Gm. Oil of Cinnamon 0.5 Gm. Salicylic Acid 2.5 Gm. Vanillin 1.5 Gm. Tincture of Red Saunders 50.0 Gm. Alcohol, 90% 500.0 Gm. Water, a sufficient quantity. To make 1000.0 Gm. No. 600. ESSENTIA DENTIFRICIA CUM SALOLO. Salol Dentifrice. Odol Substitute. E. B. Oil of Caraway. Oil of Clove, of each 0.4 Gm. Oil of Peppermint 5.0 Gm. Saccharin 0.04 Gm. Salol 25.00 Gm. Tincture Red Saunders 50.00 Gm.
Ammonia Water	Salicyl-Vanillin Dentifrice. E. B.

No. 601.	No. 60-
,	No. 605. NIPPLE WASH.
ESSENTIA DENTIFRICIA CUM THYMOLO.	Dr. Thomas.
Thymol Dentifrice.	Alum, powdered 30 Gm.
E. B.	Tincture of Nutgall, N. F. IV 30 mils
Thymolr Gm. Botot's Dentifrice	Triturate well.
No. 602.	No. 606.
	PULVIS HAEMORRHOIDALIS.
PASTA DENTIFRICA KALII CHLORICI.	Hemorrhoid Powder. E. B.
Pasta Dentifrica Potassii Chloratis.	Calcined Magnesia
Unna's Potassium Chlorate Tooth Paste.	Washed Sulphur
Lux.	Potassium Bitartrate
Potassium, Chlorate, powdered 5 Gm.	Senna, powdered
Precipitated Chalk Orris Root, powdered	Sugar, powdered equal parts Mix well.
Soap, powdered	A modification of Compound Licorice Pow-
Glycerin, of each	der, well adopted to regulate the bowels in
Oil of Peppermint	piles or hemorrhoids.
The quantity of glycerin will be governed by the density of the precipitated chalk, that is,	No. 607.
sufficient has to be used to make paste.	OLEUM NIGRUM.
See also remarks under Formula No. 379,	Black Oil. Farrier's Oil. Currier's Oil.
The Journal, December 1916, p. 1399.	Fuming Oil.
	Oil of Turpentine
No. 603.	Linseed Oil, of each
BALNEUM SULPHURATUM INODORUM.	Sulphuric Acid
Odorless Sulphurated Bath.	Mix the oils and gradually and with con- stant stirring add the sulphuric acid. Great
Bains Sulfureux Sans Odeur.	care must be used when the sulphuric acid is
Sulfurine.	added, and the operation is best conducted in
Lux.	an open vessel.
Sodium Carbonate, dry 92 Gm.	Used as a liniment in veterinary practice.
Sublimed Sulphur 4 Gm.	The quantity of sulphuric acid is sometimes
Potassium Chromate I Gm. Distilled Water 3 mils	increased or decreased according to the de- sired counter-irritant effect.
Dissolve potassium chromate in the water	stred counter-irritant enect.
and mix well with other ingredients. Then	No. 608.
melt the mass in a covered crucible, which is	OLEOSACCHARUM CUMARINI.
only about half filled. Pour the fused mass on	Elaeosaccharum Cumarini.
a cold marble slab, and after cooling break the	Saccharum Cumarini. Coumarin Sugar. D. M.
finished product into pieces and preserve in well closed bottles.	Coumarin 1 Gm.
well closed bottles.	Sugar, in fine powder
No. 604.	Triturate well and keep in tightly stoppered
BALSAMUM MAMMILLARE.	bottles.
Nipple Balsam.	No for
Lux.	No. 609. OLEOSACCHARUM VANILLINI.
Benzoic Acid ı Gm.	Elaeosaccharum Vanillini.
Tannic Acid 5 Gm.	Saccharum Vanillini. Vanillin Sugar.
Glycerin 5 Gm.	D. M.
Alcohol	Vanillin
Rose Water	Sugar, in fine powder

bottles. Vanillin Sugar has the same flavoring power as a 10% Vanilla Sugar or Oleosac-charum. Besides this, it is colorless and more permanent.

For household use it can be dispensed in bottles bearing the following directions:

"Add a small amount of Vanillin Sugar to the food or drink, sufficient to impart the desired Vanilla odor or taste."

Contributed by John K. Thum, German Hospital, Philadelphia.

No. 610.

WRIGHT'S SOLUTION.

Wright's Antiseptic Solution. Wright's Surgical Solution.

This solution bears the name of Dr. Wright, an eminent British Surgeon. It is a mildly alkaline antiseptic and is used as a wet dressing for wounds to prevent clotting and thereby promote free drainage, a very desirable feature in badly infected wounds.

This surgical dressing must not be confused with Wright's Solution, Formula No. 557, published in The Journal, June 1917, p. 565, which is a Solution of Gold and Arsenic Bromide, about twice the strength of the N. F. solution with the same name.

Mr. Thum very correctly remarks that pharmacists must be careful not to dispense one solution for the other, as more or less disaster would result. For this reason, the Chairman suggests that the above solution should be designated as Wright's Antiseptic or Surgical Solution. After all, it is one of the chief duties of the dispensing pharmacist to use the utmost care in order to safeguard the patient. This is also an excellent illustration of the importance of the work of the Committee on A. Ph. A. Recipe Book and the necessity of clearing up the existing confusion in various formulas.

Contributed by Wm. Gray, Presbyterian Hospital, Chicago:

No. 611.

senn's solution.	
Iodine	10 Gm.
Potassium Iodide	10 Gm.
Distilled Water, a sufficient quan-	
tity,	
To make	1000 mils

This solution is named after the famous Chicago surgeon, Nicolas Senn.

No. 612.

UNGUENTUM ALBUM.

White Ointment.

Zinc Oxide	100 Gm.
White Wax	25 Gm.
Phenol	2 Gm.
White Petrolatum, a sufficient quan-	
tity,	

No. 613.

GRAY'S COUGH MIXTURE.

Ammonium Chloride	60 Gm.
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	8 mils
Chloroform	6 mils
Syrup Wild Cherry	500 mils
Syrup Lactucarium, a sufficient	
quantity,	
	
To make	1000 mils

Contributed by Aug. Diehl, Brooklyn:

No. 614.

SYRUPUS ERIODICTYI.

Syrup of Yerba Santa.

Fluidextract Yerba Santa 30 mi	72
Potassium Carbonate 6 Gr	п.
Water 15 mi	ls
Syrup, a sufficient quantity,	

To make..... 500 mils

Mix the alkaline solution with the fluidextract and add the syrup.

Note! In some localities this syrup is extensively used, especially in bronchial coughs. It should not be confused with Aromatic Syrup of Yerba Santa, N. F., which is weaker, and which is employed as a vehicle for bitter medicines, especially quinine.